

Forward-Looking Statements - Disclaimer

Certain statements in this presentation are forward-looking statements, including our Q4 2024 and full-year 2024 guidance. Forward-looking statements generally relate to future events including future financial or operating performance of Taboola.com Ltd. (the "Company"). In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may", "should", "expect", "guidance", "intend", "will", "estimate", "believe", "predict", "potential" or "continue", or the negatives of these terms or variations of them or similar terminology. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward looking statements.

These forward-looking statements are based upon estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by the Company's farom the forward-looking statements in this presentation include, but are not limited to: the Company's ability to grow and manage growth profitably, maintain relationships with customers and retain its management, are inherently uncertain. Uncertainties and risk factors that could affect the Company's ability to grow and manage growth profitably, maintain relationships with customers and retain its management and key employees; changes in applicable laws or regulations; the Company's Board of Directors, which may depend upon market and economic conditions, other business opportunities and priorities, satisfying required conditions under the Israeli Companies Law and the Companies Regulations or other factors; the ability to generate or achieve the increase in Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow in 2024 or our expected revenue run-rate now that the Yahoo integration is live, in each case to the levels assumed in this press release or at all; ability to attract new digital properties and advertisers; ability to meet minimum guarantee requirements in contracts with digital properties; intense competitors who have significantly more resources; ability to grow and scale the Company's ad and content platform through new relationships with ourrent advertisers and digital properties; ability to secure high quality content from digital properties; ability to secure high quality content from digital properties; ability to maintain relationships with current advertisers and digital property partners; ability to provide and retain highly-skilled technical to improve possible to maintain relationships with current advertiser and digital property partners; ability to mention of the regulation of, or market practice with respect to, "third party cookies" and its impact on digital advertising; ability to mention of the Company's Alphaered the Company's Alphaered the Company's subsequent filters with the

Nothing in this presentation should be regarded as a representation by any person that the forward-looking statements set forth herein will be achieved or that any of the contemplated results of such forward-looking statements will be achieved. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they were made. The Company undertakes no duty to update these forward-looking statements except as may be required by law.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This Presentation includes ex-TAC Gross Profit, Adjusted EBITDA to ex-TAC Gross Profit, Free Cash Flow and Non-GAAP Net Income (Loss), which are non-GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures are not measures of financial performance in accordance with GAAP and may exclude items that are significant in understanding and assessing the Company's financial results. Therefore, these measures should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to revenues, gross profit, net income, cash flows from operations or other measures of profitability, liquidity or performance under GAAP. You should be aware that the Company's presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly-titled measures used by other companies.

The Company believes non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to management and investors regarding future financial and business trends relating to the Company. The Company believes that the use of these measures provides an additional tool for investors to use in evaluating operating results and trends and in comparing the Company's financial measures with other similar companies, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to investors. Non-GAAP financial measures are subject to inherent limitations because they reflect the exercise of judgments by management about which items are excluded or included in calculating them. Please refer to the appendix at the end of this presentation for reconciliations to the most directly comparable measures in accordance with GAAP.

About Cash Investment in Publisher Prepayments (Net)

We calculate cash investment in publisher prepayments (net) for a specific measurement period as the gross amount of cash publisher prepayments we made in that measurement period minus the amortization of publisher prepayments that were included in traffic acquisition cost during that measurement period, which were the result of cash publisher prepayments made in that measurement period and previous periods.

Industry and Market Data

In this presentation, the Company relies on and refer to certain information and statistics obtained from third-party sources, which it believes to be reliable. The Company has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of any such third-party information. You are cautioned not to give undue weight to such industry and market data.

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TODAY'S PRESENTERS



Tab 29 la



Adam Singolda Founder & CEO

- Founded Taboola in 2007; Has led the Company as its CEO ever since
- Previously: Israeli National Security Agency
- Graduated first in his class at the Officers Academy of the Israeli Defense Force and is an honored alumnus of the IDF's elite Mamram computer science training program

Stephen Walker CFO

- Joined Taboola in 2014 when the Company acquired Perfect Market, which Steve founded
- Previously: 'idealab'







BS in Computer Science and Finance from Boston College and an MBA from Harvard **Business School**





AGENDA

- Taboola Capturing Share of \$80B+ Open Web Ad Market
- Taboola's Differentiation and Why We Win

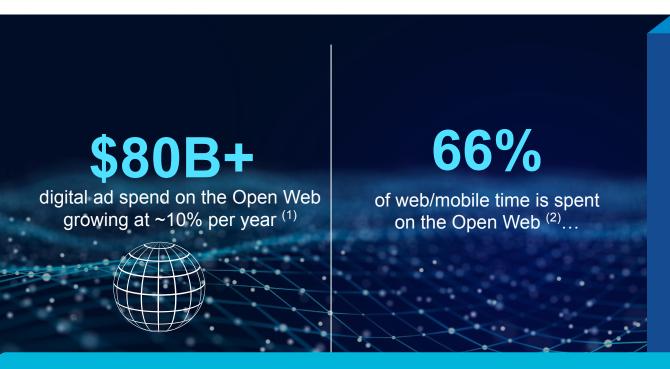
Strong Financial Profile

Q3 2024 Updates & Momentum

We Power Recommendations for the Open Web

Driving Consumer Action with Al

THE OPEN WEB IS A LARGE AND GROWING MARKET



...but only 30%

of total digital ad spend is spent on the Open Web (2)

Open Web consists of iconic digital properties outside walled gardens (Google, Facebook, Amazon)

⁽¹⁾ Company estimates based on eMarketer data

OPEN WEB CHALLENGES / OPPORTUNITIES

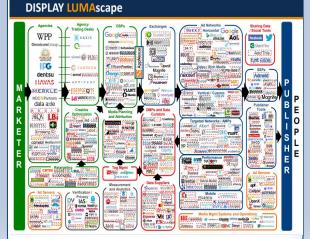
BAD USER EXPERIENCE

Open Web uses the same ad format as 30 years ago



BAD ADVERTISER EXPERIENCE

Open Web highly fragmented and complex⁽¹⁾



INFERIOR AD PERFORMANCE

No "walled garden" level of Al and data in the Open Web

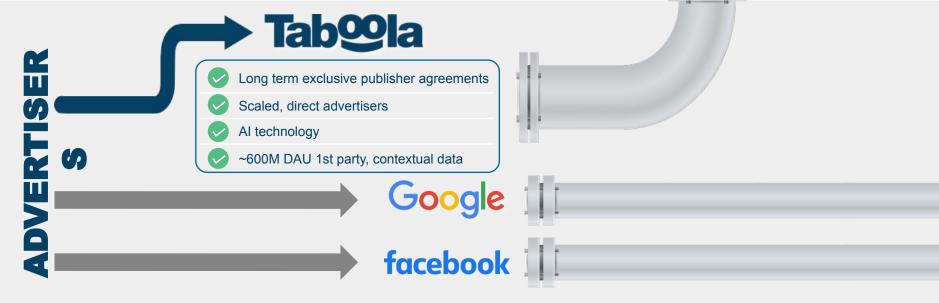




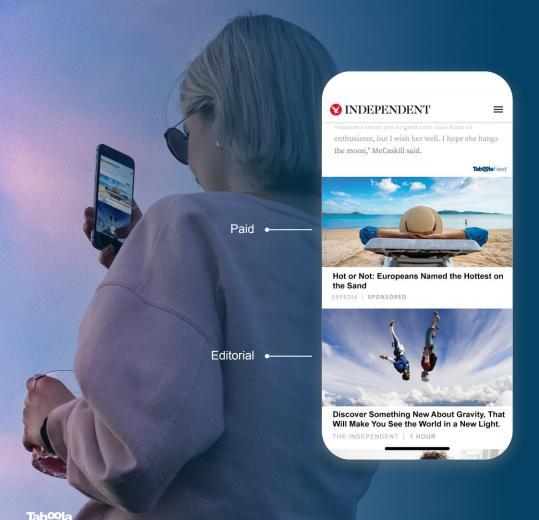
(1) Sourced from LUMA Partners LLC

TABOOLA IS THE BEST POSITIONED TO BUILD THE FIRST "MUST BUY" COMPANY IN THE OPEN WEB





CONFIDENTIAL



TABOOLA REVOLUTION

Brings power of walled gardens to Open Web with tens of billions clicks a year

COMPANY

Bombas is a comfort-focused apparel brand with a mission to help those in need.

CHALLENGE

Drive holiday sales for its revamped and expanded line of slippers, and reach new customers

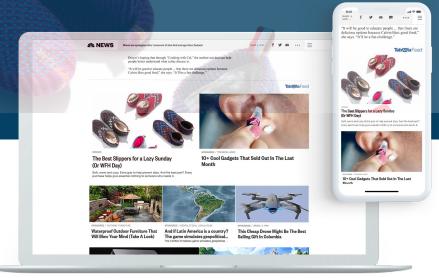
SOLUTION

Use **Taboola** native ads, Attentive Audiences, and site retargeting to reach potential customers across the

open web.

RESULTS

With Taboola, Bombas achieved a 50% increase in ROAS, above-average CTR, and 1.26x increase in ROAS with Attentive Audiences.



*BOMBAS

"Throughout our long-standing partnership with Taboola, we have seen incredible campaign results, and it's great to see the recent success of our slippers — a category we've been especially focused on. It's important for us to invest in strategies and partner with companies that drive tangible results. We enjoy working with the Taboola team and appreciate their quick turnaround when recommending and implementing strategies."

- Carolyn Dixon, Senior Associate of Performance

Marketing, Bombas

Tab@la

50

Prease in

ROAS

40

Oliday

Conversions Came

From the Slippers

1.26x

Increase in ROAS

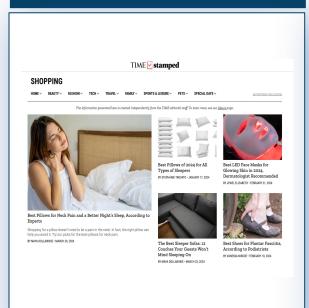
with Attentive

Audiences

Catagory

BIG MOMENTUM

E-COMMERCE GROWTH



ICONIC PARTNERSHIPS





RAPID AI ADOPTION





AGENDA

Taboola Capturing Share of \$80B Open Web Ad Market

Taboola's Differentiation and Why We Win

Strong Financial Profile

Q3 2024 Updates & Momentum

WHY TABOOLA

Bringing walled garden experiences to an \$80B+ Open Web market

- 1 Integrated native advertising experience
- 2 Long-term, exclusive access to supply and direct relationships with advertisers
- 3 Al driven tech platform that is best-in-class
- 4 Taboola tech & code on page built for a cookie-less world

Positioned for continued leadership

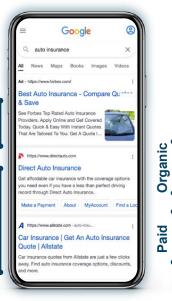
- 5 Our scale drives network effects that create competitive advantage
- 6 Significant growth opportunities
- 7 Proven, founder-led management team
- 8 Strong financial profile

1 INTEGRATED NATIVE ADVERTISING EXPERIENCE

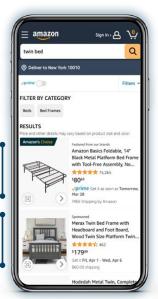
facebook











Tab 1991a



- More integrated ad experience
- Easy access to scale
- Better user data and Al for more accurate ad targeting



2

LONG-TERM, EXCLUSIVE ACCESS TO SUPPLY AND DIRECT RELATIONSHIPS WITH ADVERTISERS

<u>Highly predictable</u> supply base with 98%+ of supply consistent from quarter to quarter

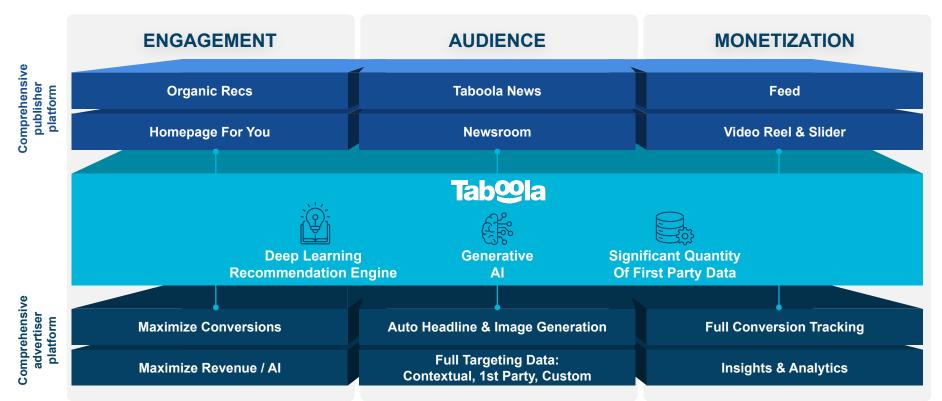






3 AI DRIVEN TECH PLATFORM THAT IS BEST-IN-CLASS

Our unified tech stack offers comprehensive platforms for publishers and advertisers underpinned by AI



4 TABOOLA TECH & CODE ON PAGE BUILT FOR A COOKIE-LESS WORLD



Taboola has its own
1st party cookie thanks to
"code on page" integrations
with publishers
recommending personalized
editorial content enables
serving our own 1st party
identifier



Unique readership context deep access to the context of the page, allowing advertisers to target context (vs. "3rd party cookie behavior")



People click on Taboola recommendations tens of billions of times a year ⁽¹⁾



Taboola's strong yield performance despite 3rd party cookies being blocked in the industry for years:

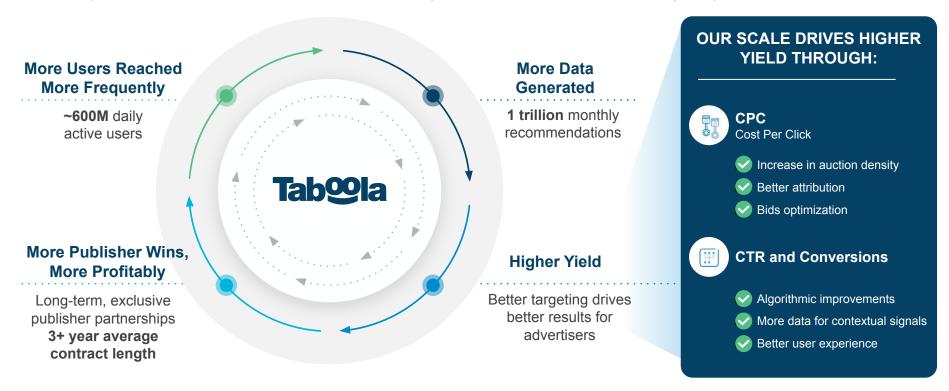
Apple blocked 3rd party cookies in phases, with more significant enforcement of cookie deprecation in 2020 helping drive Taboola's yield (orange line) which accelerated faster than with alternative browsers.

⁽¹⁾ Based on company data. Clicks represent total clicks on Taboola recommendations, including paid advertisements ("sponsored content") and editorial ("organic") content

5

OUR SCALE DRIVES NETWORK EFFECT THAT CREATES COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE

Our predictable access to scale creates strong network effects that drive higher yield





6) TABOOLA NEWS

Bringing Premium Content To People Everywhere & Driving Audience For Our Publisher Partners

Taboola News delivers relevant content from our premium publisher partners, integrated into mobile phones and other user touchpoints.

It creates new opportunities for engagement and revenue for mobile carriers, device manufacturers, publishers and brands.

- Running in more than 60 markets around the world
- With over 85M Monthly devices
- Becoming a meaningful source of traffic to our publishers

WORKING WITH THE TOP OEMS:

SAMSUNG













6 E-COMMERCE FURTHERS OUR COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE

INTRINSIC VALUE OF BUSINESS

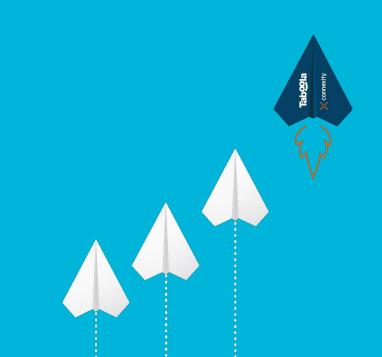
Significant expansion of our addressable TAM with long runway of growth

SYNERGIES

Tremendous opportunity to leverage our scale, combined relationships and Connexity's e-commerce market maker capabilities

STRATEGIC VALUE

1/₃ of Open Web Publisher Revenue will be e-commerce¹ and Taboola with Connexity is uniquely differentiated



◆ PROVEN, FOUNDER-LED MANAGEMENT TEAM



Adam Singolda
17 years at Taboola
Founder & CEO



Stephen Walker
10 years at Taboola
CFO



Eldad Maniv
12 years at Taboola
President & COO



Lior Golan
15 years at Taboola
CTO



Kristy Sundjaja 4 years at Taboola CPO



Tal Sliwowicz11 years at Taboola
SVP, R&D



Ran Buck
11 years at Taboola
SVP, Global Revenue



Ehud Furman 9 years at Taboola SVP, Global Sales Alliances, Strategic Partnerships



Bill Glass
3 years at Taboola
SVP, CEO/General
Manager of Connexity



Blythe Holden 3 years at Taboola General Counsel & Corporate Secretary



Tom Inbal 8 years at Taboola SVP, Strategy & Corporate Marketing



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- 3 Strong Financial Profile
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8

STRONG FINANCIAL PROFILE

FAST GROWING

\$667M 2024 ex-TAC Gross Profit⁽¹⁾

18%

Seven Year Compounded ex-TAC Growth Rate⁽²⁾



HIGH PROFITABILITY

\$200M+ 2024 Adj. EBITDA⁽¹⁾

30%

2024 Adjusted EBITDA Margin %⁽¹⁾



STRONG BALANCE SHEET

\$64M Net Cash Position

\$217M

Cash Balance at End of Sep 30, 2024⁽³⁾



GENERATING CASH FLOW

\$105M+ 2024 Free Cash Flow⁽¹⁾

50%+

Free Cash Flow Conversion



HIGHLY PREDICTABLE MODEL - LONG-TERM ACCESS TO SUPPLY & DIRECT ADVERTISER RELATIONSHIPS



3+ year average contract length with publishers

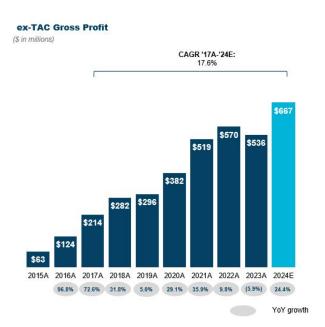


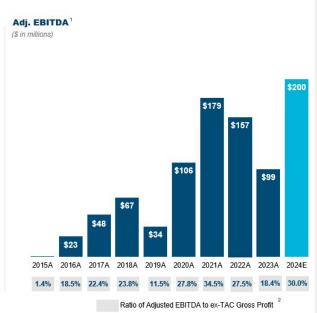
90%+ of revenue comes from direct relationships with advertisers

- (1) Non-GAAP measure; see Appendix: Non-GAAP Guidance Reconciliation for more information for this Non-GAAP measure.
- (2) Growth Rate reflects actual results for 2017 2024
 - Comprised of cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

TABOOLA FOCUSES ON PROFITABLE GROWTH





LONG-TERM MODEL

20%

ex-TAC Gross Profit Growth

30%+

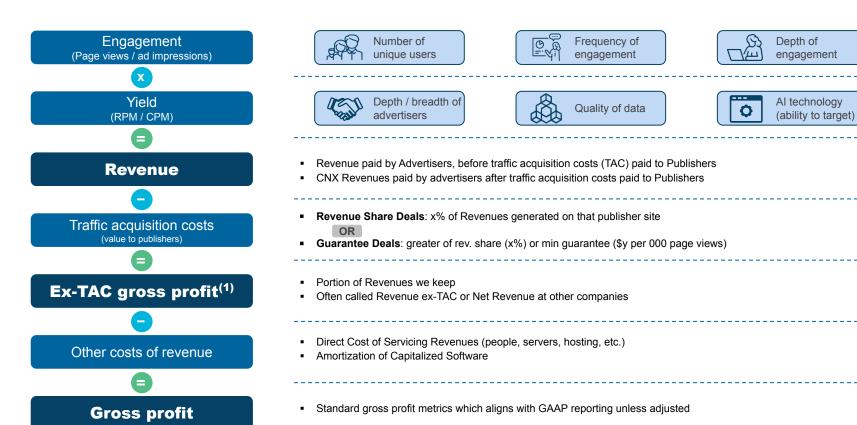
Ratio of Adjusted EBITDA to ex-TAC Gross Profit

50%+

FCF conversion from Adjusted EBITDA long-term

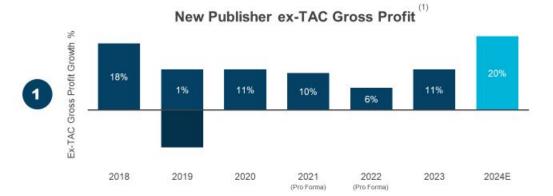


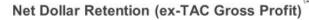
REVENUE MODEL DRIVES HIGH INCREMENTAL MARGINS

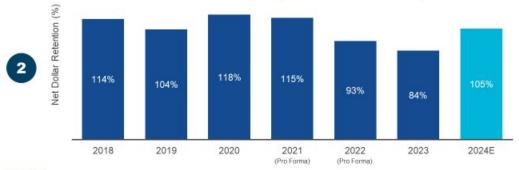




GROWTH DRIVEN BY USER ENGAGEMENT & YIELD









- → Historically ~10% new supply growth
- Projecting similar range going forward over the long term
- Yield Is Primary Driver Of Growth Of Existing Base, Which Shows Up in Net Dollar Retention
 - Improvements in yield
 - Additional upsells to existing pubs
 - → Historically 110%+
- (1) New digital property partners within the first 12 months that were live on our network. Pro forma effect of the Connexity acquisition as if completed on January 1, 2021
- (2) Net Dollar Retention (ex-TAC Gross Profit) is the net growth of ex-TAC Gross Profit from existing digital property partners, including the growth of new digital property partners (beyond the revenue contribution determined based on the runrate revenue generated by them when they are first on-boarded) for the given period divided by the ex-TAC Gross Profit from the same period in the prior-year. Pro forma effect of the Connexity acquisition as if completed on January 1, 2021



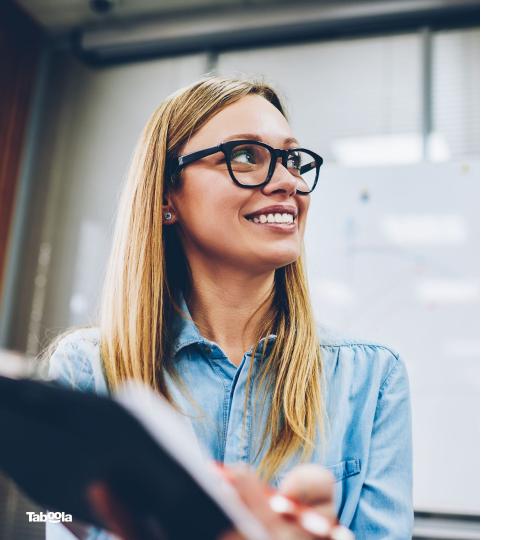
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Q3 2024 BUSINESS IN REVIEW

Strong results & continued growth

Renewing and building new long term relationships

> Publisher wins that were new and from competitors included National World and Axiom Media Alliance.

→ Renewed relationships with many well-known publishers and OEM partners including Xiaomi, El Universal, and Network18.

Seeing strength in key business areas

→ Strong business momentum: Revenues +20%, ex-TAC +29%, Adj EBITDA +110%, and Free Cash Flow +88% year over year.

→ Abby gen-Al ad assistant launched and positioned to drive scalable growth

→ Maximize Conversions Al-powered bidding technology adoption ~70% of revenue, +1,500 advertisers QoQ; # of campaigns +36% QoQ.















CONTINUED GROWTH IN OUR Q3 2024 RESULTS

| | Q3 2024 Actuals | Q3 2024 Guidance |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Revenues | \$433.0M | \$416 to \$446M |
| Gross profit | \$132.9M | \$129 to \$139M |
| ex-TAC Gross Profit ¹ | \$166.4M | \$159 to \$169M |
| Adj. EBITDA ¹ | \$47.9M | \$42 to \$52M |

2024 GUIDANCE - EXPECTING RECORD YEAR WITH SUBSTANTIAL GROWTH ACROSS ALL KEY METRICS

Revenues

Gross profit

ex-TAC Gross Profit1

Adj. EBITDA²

Tab₂

Q4 2024 GUIDANCE (3)

\$460 to \$490M (+13% YoY)

\$180 to \$196M (+36% YoY)

\$205 to \$221M (+26% YoY)

\$83 to \$99M (+82% YoY) FY 2024 GUIDANCE (3)

\$1,735 to \$1,765M (+22% YoY)

> \$535 to \$555M (+28% YoY)

\$656 to \$679M (+24% YoY)

> \$200M+ (~2x YoY)

(1) Non-GAAP measure, see appendix for reconciliation to GAAP

(2) Non-GAAP measure, see appendix for note regarding reconciliation

(3) Y/Y growth rates represent the midpoint of guidance ranges

Tab@la

Thank you

Tab@la

APPENDIX

OUR MODEL IN A NUTSHELL

| Model components: | Sample inputs / financials: | Illustrative Taboola economics: | |
|--|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Revenues ⁽¹⁾ | \$909 | \$1.00 (100%) | |
| Traffic Acq Cost (Value to publishers) | (\$627) | (\$0.69) | |
| ex-TAC Gross Profit ⁽²⁾ | \$282 | \$0.31 | |
| Cost of Revenues | (\$48) | (\$0.05) | |
| Gross profit | \$234 | \$0.26 | |
| R&D | (\$73) | (\$0.08) | |
| S&M | (\$110) | (\$0.12) | |
| G&A | (\$34) | (\$0.04) | |
| Operating Income | \$17 | | |
| Dep, Amort, Share Based Comp, Other item | \$50 | . . | |
| Adjusted EBITDA ⁽³⁾ | \$67 | | |
| Change in WC, Other items ⁽⁴⁾ + PP&E and Capitalized Platform Costs | (\$22) | (1) Revenue paid by Advertisers, before traffic acquisition costs (TAC) paid to Publishers. CNX Revenues paid by advertisers after traffic acquisition costs paid to Publishers. (2) Revenue to Taboola after TAC paid to Publishers. Non-GAAP measure, see appendix for reconciliation to GAAP (3) Non-GAAP measure, see appendix for reconciliation to GAAP (4) Non cash charges, Cash charges excluded from Adjusted EBITDA | |
| Free Cash Flow ⁽³⁾ | \$45 | | |

HISTORICAL REVENUES & EX-TAC GROSS PROFIT¹ (REPORTED BASIS)

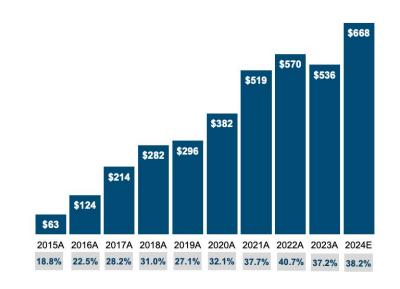




2015A 2016A 2017A 2018A 2019A 2020A 2021A 2022A 2023A 2024E







Revenues

SELECTED GAAP AND NON-GAAP METRICS

| (\$ in millions, FYE) | 20 | 018A | 20 | 019A | 20 | 20A | 2 | 021A | 20 | 022A | 20 | 023A | 2 | 024E | Long-Term Model |
|--|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|--------------------|
| Revenues | \$ | 909 | \$ | 1,094 | \$ | 1,189 | \$ | 1,378 | \$ | 1,401 | \$ | 1,440 | \$ | 1,750 | |
| % YoY Growth | | 20.0% | | 20.3% | | 8.7% | | 15.9% | | 1.7% | | 2.8% | | 21.6% | |
| Gross Profit | \$ | 234 | \$ | 232 | \$ | 319 | \$ | 441 | \$ | 464 | \$ | 426 | \$ | 545 | |
| % YoY Growth | | 31.1% | | -0.9% | | 37.5% | | 38.2% | | 5.3% | | -8.3% | | 28.1% | |
| ex-TAC Gross Profit ¹ | \$ | 282 | \$ | 296 | \$ | 382 | \$ | 519 | \$ | 570 | \$ | 536 | \$ | 668 | <u> </u> |
| % YoY Growth | | 31.8% | | 5.0% | | 29.1% | | 35.9% | | 9.8% | | -5.9% | | 24.6% | 20% |
| Adjusted EBITDA ¹ | \$ | 67 | \$ | 34 | \$ | 106 | \$ | 179 | \$ | 157 | \$ | 99 | \$ | 200+ | |
| Ratio of Adjusted EBITDA to ex-TAC Gross Profit | | 23.8% | | 11.5% | | 27.7% | | 34.5% | | 27.5% | | 18.4% | | 30% + | 30%+ |



FY 2024 GUIDANCE

| | Actual | Actual | Actual | | Guidance | | |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|----------|------|----------|
| (\$ in millions) | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | <u> </u> | YoY% | o |
| Revenues | \$1,378 | \$1,401 | \$1,440 | \$1,735 to \$1,765 | 21% | to | 23% |
| Gross Profit | \$441 | \$464 | \$426 | \$535 to \$555 | 26% | to | 30% |
| | | | | | | | |
| ex-TAC Gross Profit 1 | \$519 | \$570 | \$536 | \$656 to \$679 | 22% | to | 27% |
| Adjusted EBITDA ¹ | \$179 | \$157 | \$99 | \$200+ | 103 | 3% + | |
| Non GAAP Net Income | \$114 | \$91 | \$33 | \$84 to \$104 | 158% | to | 219% |

⁽¹⁾ Non-GAAP measure, see appendix for reconciliation to GAAP

ADDITIONAL MODELING ASSUMPTIONS

- Interest payments: \$18.6M in 2023 and \$14.7M estimate in 2024; approximately \$3.4M per quarter associated with \$152.7M term loan related to the Connexity acquisition.
- Share based compensation: \$64M in 2023 and \$67M estimated for 2024.
- Depreciation & Amortization: \$97M in 2023 and \$99M estimates for 2024.
- CapEx (includes investments in property and equipment, leasehold improvements and capitalized software): \$32M in 2023 and \$33M estimated for 2024.
- Free Cash Flow before publisher prepayments (net) expected to be 50 60% of Adjusted EBITDA in long-term models.
- Over the long term, the estimated effective tax rate is expected to fall within the range of 16% to 18%

ADJUSTED EBITDA RECONCILIATION

| (\$ in millions) | 20 | 16A | 20 | 017A | 2 | 018A | 2 | 019A | 20 |)20A | 2021A | 2022A | 2 | 023A |
|-------------------------------------|----|-------|----|-------|----|------|----|--------|----|-------|-----------|-----------|----|--------|
| Net income (loss) | \$ | (2.7) | \$ | 2.8 | \$ | 10.7 | \$ | (28.0) | \$ | 8.5 | \$ (24.9) | \$ (12.0) | \$ | (82.0) |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Financial expenses (income), net | | 0.8 | | (0.3) | | 1.3 | | 3.4 | | 2.7 | (11.3) | (9.2) | | 12.8 |
| Tax expenses | | 4.3 | | 5.1 | | 5.3 | | 5.0 | | 14.9 | 23.0 | 7.5 | | 5.5 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 13.3 | | 28.2 | | 35.3 | | 39.4 | | 34.0 | 53.1 | 91.2 | | 96.5 |
| Share-based compensation expenses 1 | | 6.3 | | 10.8 | | 10.5 | | 8.2 | | 28.3 | 124.2 | 63.8 | | 53.7 |
| Revaluation of Contingent Liability | | 1.4 | | 1.6 | | 3.8 | | - | | - | - | - | | - |
| M&A costs ² | | - | | 4 | | - | | 6.1 | | 17.8 | 11.7 | 0.8 | | 1.6 |
| Restructuring expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | 3.4 | | |
| Holdback compensation expenses | | - | | | | - | | - | | - | 3.7 | 11.1 | | 10.6 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 23.4 | \$ | 48.2 | \$ | 66.9 | \$ | 34.1 | \$ | 106.2 | \$ 179.5 | \$156.7 | \$ | 98.7 |

² Relates to the acquisition of ION Acquisition Corp. 1 Ltd. and going public.



¹A substantial majority is share-based compensation expenses related to going public.

QUARTERLY RESULTS: ADJUSTED EBITDA RECONCILIATION

| (\$ in millions) | C | Q1-23A | (| Q2-23A | (| Q3-23A | Q | 4-23A | F١ | 2023 | Q | 1-24A | Q2 | 2-24A | Q | 3-24A |
|--|----|--------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-------|----|--------|----|--------|----|-------|----|-------|
| Net income (loss) | \$ | (31.3) | \$ | (31.3) | \$ | (23.1) | \$ | 3.7 | \$ | (82.0) | \$ | (26.1) | \$ | (4.3) | \$ | (6.4) |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Financials expenses (income),net | | 3.2 | | 3.8 | | 4.4 | | 1.4 | | 12.8 | | 3.6 | | (1.0) | | 1.1 |
| Tax expenses (income) | | (0.6) | | 2.5 | | - | | 3.7 | | 5.6 | | 4.3 | | (2.4) | | 9.9 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 22.6 | | 22.8 | | 25.3 | | 25.8 | | 96.5 | | 25.3 | | 25.9 | | 26.1 |
| Share-based compensation expenses | | 13.5 | | 13.9 | | 13.6 | | 12.8 | | 53.8 | | 13.8 | | 15.7 | | 15.4 |
| M&A costs and Other Costs ² | | 0.2 | | 1.3 | | - | | - | | 1.5 | | - | | 0.7 | | - |
| Restructuring expenses | | - | | - | | | | - | | - | | • | | - | | - |
| Connexity holdback | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 2.7 | | 10.5 | | 2.6 | | 2.6 | | 1.8 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 10.2 | \$ | 15.6 | \$ | 22.8 | \$ | 50.1 | \$ | 98.7 | \$ | 23.5 | \$ | 37.2 | \$ | 47.9 |

¹A substantial majority is share-based compensation expenses related to going public.

² Includes Commercial agreement asset acquisition costs.

EX-TAC GROSS PROFIT RECONCILIATION

| (\$ in millions) | 2 | 016A | 2 | 017A | 2 | 018A | 2 | 2019A | 2 | 020A | 2 | 021A | 2 | 022A | 2 | 2023A |
|--------------------------------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|
| Revenues | \$ | 552.1 | \$ | 757.9 | \$ | 909.2 | \$ | 1,093.8 | \$ | 1,188.9 | \$ | 1,378.5 | \$ | 1,401.2 | \$ | 1,439.7 |
| Traffic Acquisition Cost (TAC) | | 427.7 | | 544.2 | | 627.7 | | 798.0 | | 806.5 | | 859.6 | | 831.5 | | 903.9 |
| Other Cost of Revenues | | 23.2 | | 35.1 | | 47.3 | | 63.9 | | 62.9 | | 77.8 | | 105.4 | | 110.3 |
| Gross Profit | \$ | 101.2 | \$ | 178.6 | \$ | 234.2 | \$ | 231.9 | \$ | 319.5 | \$ | 441.1 | \$ | 464.3 | \$ | 425.5 |
| Other Cost of Revenues | | 23.2 | | 35.1 | | 47.3 | | 63.9 | | 62.9 | | 77.8 | | 105.4 | | 110.3 |
| ex-TAC Gross Profit | \$ | 124.4 | \$ | 213.7 | \$ | 281.5 | \$ | 295.8 | \$ | 382.4 | \$ | 518.9 | \$ | 569.6 | \$ | 535.8 |

RATIO OF ADJUSTED EBITDA TO EX-TAC GROSS PROFIT RECONCILIATION

| (\$ in millions) | 20 | 16A | 20 | 17A | 20 | 018A | 20 | 019A | 20 |)20A | 20 |)21A | 20 | 022A | 2023/ |
|---|----|-----|----|-----|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|--------|
| Gross Profit | \$ | 101 | S | 179 | S | 234 | S | 232 | S | 319 | s | 441 | s | 464 | \$ 426 |
| Net Income (loss) | | (3) | | 3 | | 11 | | (28) | | 8 | | (25) | | (12) | (82) |
| Ratio of Net income (loss) to Gross profit | | -3% | | 2% | | 5% | | -12% | | 3% | | -6% | | -3% | -19% |
| ex-TAC Gross Profit | S | 124 | s | 214 | s | 282 | s | 296 | s | 382 | s | 519 | s | 570 | \$ 536 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | | 23 | | 48 | | 67 | | 34 | | 106 | | 179 | | 157 | 99 |
| Ratio of Adjusted EBITDA to ex-TAC Gross Profit | | 19% | | 23% | | 24% | | 11% | | 28% | | 34% | | 28% | 18% |
| 3 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

EX-TAC GROSS PROFIT MARGIN RECONCILIATION

| \$ in millions) | 20 | 16A | 20 |)17A | 20 |)18A | 2 | 019A | 2 | 020A | 2 | 021A | 2 | 2022A 2 | | 023A |
|----------------------------|----|-----|----|------|----|------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-------|----|---------|----|-------|
| Revenues | \$ | 552 | \$ | 758 | \$ | 909 | \$ | 1,094 | \$ | 1,189 | \$ | 1,378 | \$ | 1,401 | \$ | 1,440 |
| Gross Profit | | 101 | | 179 | | 234 | | 232 | | 319 | | 441 | | 464 | | 426 |
| Gross Profit Margin | | 18% | | 24% | | 26% | | 21% | | 27% | | 32% | | 33% | | 30% |
| Revenues | \$ | 552 | \$ | 758 | \$ | 909 | \$ | 1,094 | \$ | 1,189 | \$ | 1,378 | \$ | 1,401 | \$ | 1,440 |
| ex-TAC Gross Profit | | 124 | | 214 | | 282 | | 296 | | 382 | | 519 | | 570 | | 536 |
| ex-TAC Gross Profit Margin | | 23% | | 28% | | 31% | | 27% | | 32% | | 38% | | 41% | | 37% |

HISTORICAL ADJ. GROSS PROFIT MARGIN RECONCILIATION

| 2020A | 2021A | 2022A | 2023A |
|----------|--|--|--|
| \$ 1,189 | \$ 1,378 | \$ 1,401 | \$ 1,440 |
| 807 | 859 | 832 | 904 |
| \$ 382 | \$ 519 | \$ 570 | \$ 536 |
| 63 | 78 | 105 | 110 |
| \$ 319 | \$ 441 | \$ 464 | \$ 426 |
| 27% | 32% | 33% | 30% |
| 84% | 85% | 81% | 79% |
| | \$ 1,189 807 \$ 382 63 \$ 319 27% | \$ 1,189 \$ 1,378 807 859 \$ 382 \$ 519 63 78 \$ 319 \$ 441 27% 32% | \$ 1,189 \$ 1,378 \$ 1,401 807 859 832 \$ 382 \$ 519 \$ 570 63 78 105 \$ 319 \$ 441 \$ 464 27% 32% 33% |

HISTORICAL FREE CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION

| (\$ in millions) | 20 | 20A | 20 | 21A | 20 | 22A | 20 | 23A | Q1 | -24A | Q2 | -24A | Q3 | -24A |
|---|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|----|------|
| Net cash from operating activities | \$ | 139 | \$ | 64 | \$ | 53 | \$ | 84 | \$ | 32 | \$ | 38 | \$ | 50 |
| Net cash used in the following investing activities | \$ | (18) | \$ | (39) | \$ | (35) | \$ | (32) | \$ | (5) | \$ | (12) | \$ | (7) |
| Intangible assets | | (9) | | (14) | | (13) | | (12) | | (3) | | (3) | | (3) |
| Purchase of IT equipment & Leasehold Improvement | | (9) | | (25) | | (22) | | (20) | | (2) | | (9) | | (4) |
| Free Cash Flow | \$ | 121 | \$ | 25 | \$ | 19 | \$ | 52 | \$ | 27 | \$ | 26 | \$ | 43 |

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

| | 2020A | 2021A | 2022A | 2023A | Q1-24A | Q2-24A | Q3-24A |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|------------|---------|---------|
| Free Cash Flow | \$121.3 | \$ 24.5 | \$ 18.6 | \$ 52.2 | \$ 26.8 | \$ 26.2 | \$ 42.9 |
| Add back: | | | | | | | |
| Cash investment in publisher prepayments (net) | (4.5) | 7.3 | 15.3 | (19.6) | (7.3) | (7.3) | (6.9) |
| Cash interest expense for money borrowed | 0.0 | 1.1 | 20.7 | 18.5 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.8 |
| Total - Cash generated before cash interest and publisher prepayments (net) | \$116.8 | \$ 32.9 | \$ 54.6 | \$ 51.1 | \$ 23.1 | \$ 22.6 | \$ 39.7 |



(1) We calculate cash investment in publisher prepayments (net) for a specific measurement period as the gross amount of cash publisher prepayments we made in that measurement period minus the amortization of publisher prepayments that were included in traffic acquisition cost during that measurement period, which were the result of cash publisher prepayments made in that measurement period and previous periods.

NON-GAAP NET INCOME RECONCILIATION

| (\$ in millions) | 2021A | 2022A | 2 | 023A |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----|--------|
| Net income (loss) | \$ (24.9) | \$ (12.0) | \$ | (82.0) |
| Adjustments: | | | | |
| Amortization of acquired intangibles | 23.0 | 63.6 | | 63.9 |
| Share-based compensation expenses 1 | 124.2 | 63.8 | | 53.7 |
| Restructuring expenses | - | 3.4 | | - |
| Holdback compensation expenses | 3.7 | 11.1 | | 10.6 |
| M&A and other costs ² | 11.7 | 0.8 | | 1.6 |
| Revaluation of Warrants | (22.6) | (24.4) | | (0.7) |
| Foreign currency exchange rate | 4.6 | (1.4) | | (0.9) |
| Income tax effects | (6.1) | (13.5) | | (13.6) |
| Non GAAP Net Income | \$ 113.6 | \$ 91.4 | \$ | 32.6 |

² Relates to the acquisition of ION Acquisition Corp. 1 Ltd. and going public.



¹A substantial majority is share-based compensation expenses related to going public.

EXAMPLE OF PUBLISHER PREPAYMENTS

| A | \$3,000 | 50% | 1 | 5 | \$6, | ,000 |
|----------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------|---------|-----------|--------------|
| Assumptions: | Prepayment (\$M) | Revenue Share | Year | Term | Annual Re | evenue (\$M) |
| Accrual Account | ting | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Revenue | | \$6,000 | \$6,000 | \$6,000 | \$6,000 | \$6,000 |
| Traffic Acquision c | costs (TAC): | | | | | |
| Rev Share | | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 |
| Amortization of prep | payment | \$600 | \$600 | \$600 | \$600 | \$600 |
| Total | | \$3,600 | \$3,600 | \$3,600 | \$3,600 | \$3,600 |
| ex-TAC Gross Prof | <i>i</i> it | \$2,400 | \$2,400 | \$2,400 | \$2,400 | \$2,400 |
| ex-TAC Gross Profit | Margin % | 40% | 40% | 40% | 40% | 40% |
| Cash Basis | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | \$6,000 | \$6,000 | \$6,000 | \$6,000 | \$6,000 |
| Traffic Acquision c | osts (TAC): | | | | | |
| Rev Share | | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 |
| Prepayment | | \$3,000 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total | | \$6,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 |
| Cash Flow | | \$0 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 | \$3,000 |
| Delta - Cash Flo | w vs. ex-TAC Gross Pro | ofit -\$2,400 | \$600 | \$600 | \$600 | \$600 |

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

| (\$ in millions) Cash, cash equivalents, short-term deposits and investments | As of Dec 31, 2020 | As of Dec 31, 2021 \$ 319 | As of Dec 31, 2022 | As of Dec 31, 2023 | As of Sep 30, 2024 \$219 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Total Assets | \$ 580 | \$ 1,598 | \$1,530 | \$1,708 | \$1,663 |
| Total Liabilities & Convertible Shares | \$ 534 | \$ 830 | \$695 | \$651 | \$651 |
| Accumulated deficit and accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | \$ (31) | \$ (56) | \$(68) | \$(150) | \$(187) |
| Additional Paid-in-capital and treasury Ordinary shares | \$ 78 | \$ 824 | \$903 | \$1,207 | \$1,199 |
| Total Shareholders' Equity | \$ 47 | \$ 768 | \$835 | \$1,057 | \$1,012 |

Q4 2024 and 2024 FULL YEAR GUIDANCE: EX-TAC GROSS PROFIT RECONCILIATION

| | Guidance | Guidance | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| (\$ in millions) | Q4-24 | FY 2024 | | |
| Revenues | \$460 to \$490 | \$1735 to \$1765 | | |
| Traffic Acquisition Cost (TAC) | (\$255 - \$269) | (\$1,079 - \$1,086) | | |
| Other Cost of Revenues | (\$25 - \$25) | (\$121 - \$124) | | |
| Gross Profit | \$180 to \$196 | \$535 to \$555 | | |
| Other Cost of Revenues | \$25 - \$25 | \$121 - \$124 | | |
| ex-TAC Gross Profit | \$205 to \$221 | \$656 to \$679 | | |

Note Regarding Adjusted EBITDA Guidance

Although we provide guidance for Adjusted EBITDA, we are not able to provide guidance for projected Net income (loss), the most directly comparable GAAP measure. Certain elements of Net income (loss), including share-based compensation expenses, are not predictable due to the high variability and difficulty of making accurate forecasts. As a result, it is impractical for us to provide guidance on Net Income (loss) or to reconcile our Adjusted EBITDA guidance without unreasonable efforts. Consequently, no disclosure of projected Net income (loss) is included. For the same reasons, we are unable to address the probable significance of the unavailable information.

